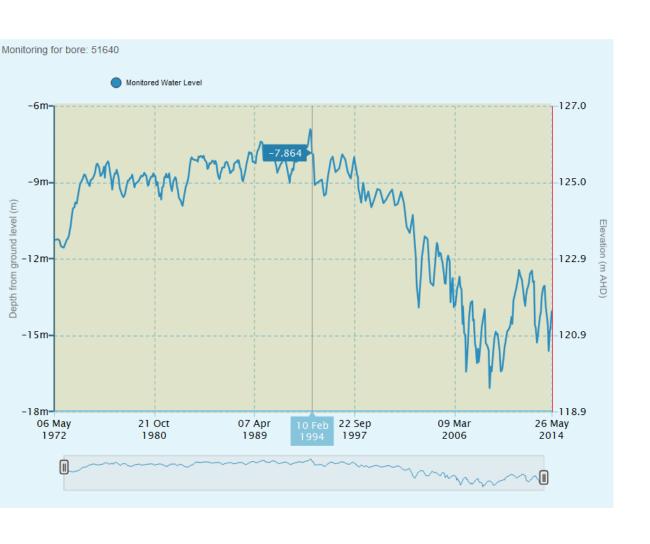
Groundwater Dependent Ecosystems <<GDEs>> Just another acronym, or do we really need to know?



Policy governed by climate





GW = a threat of salinity

Sold Telstra

Land and Water Programmes

Rising tide of dryland salinity



Falling GW level – drought

GW use up – less surface water

Perfect Storm

Low surface flow

Falling GW levels



Floods

- Everything's fine and dandy
- Shift in perception of issues
 - No longer have a salinity issues
 - Funding shifts or dries up

What is a GDE

Any part of a life cycle that integrates GW is a GDE

Lets Ignore the obvious = Springs /soaks / aquifers



History

1980's = All about GAB Springs

1996 = COAG recognition

2002 = NSW Put in some policy

2004 = National Water initial (Land and Water Australia)

GDE Atlas

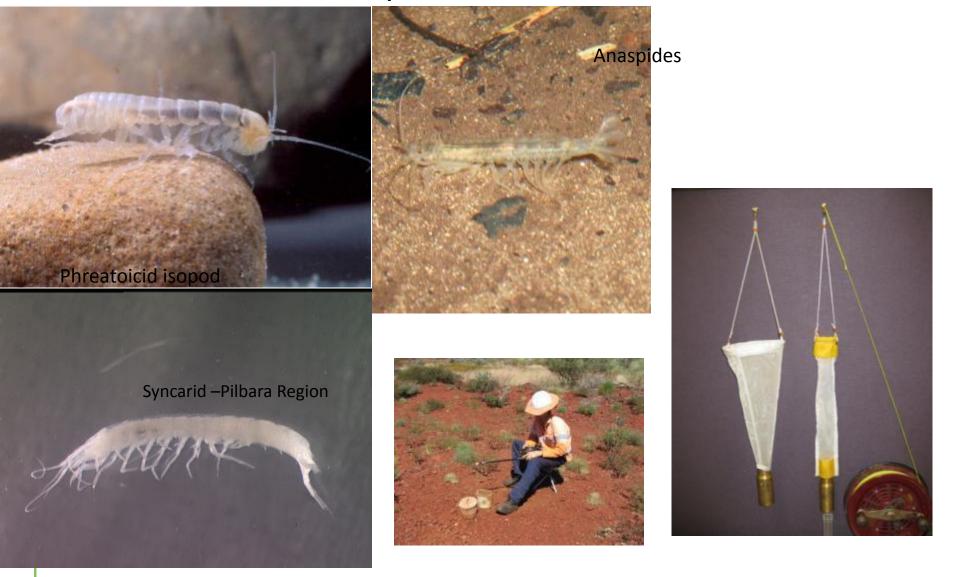
- First National definition of a GDE
- First national definition of Groundwater
- The First national map

All mining leases, large scale extraction of groundwater have to take into account GDES

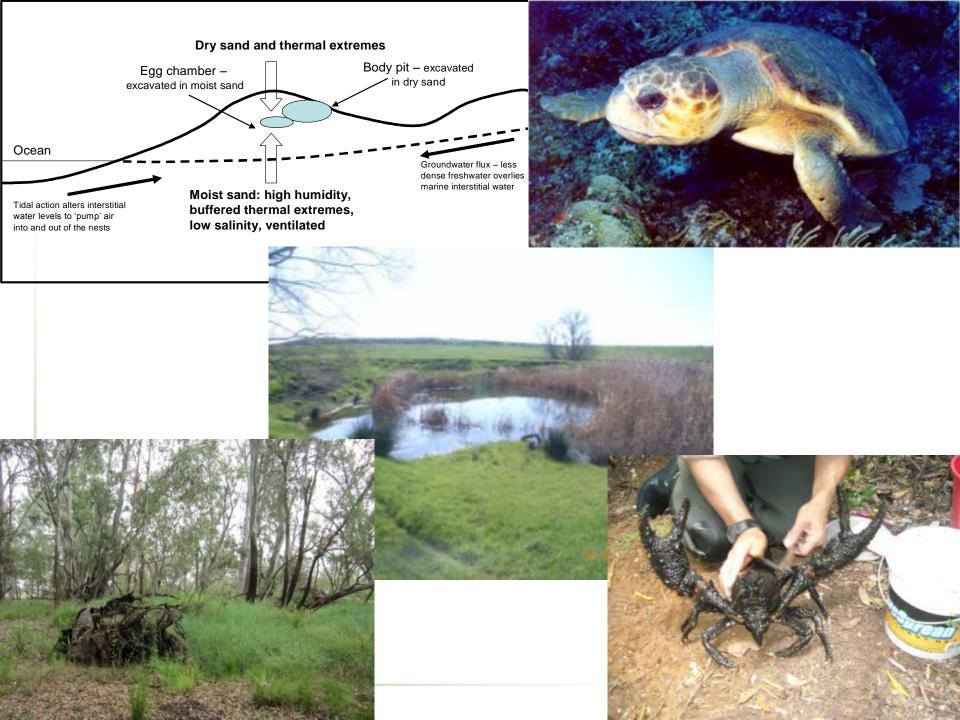
2016 = Victoria – Ministerial guidelines on GDES

2017 = AESC Guidelines on assessing impacts to GDEs

Cave and aquifer



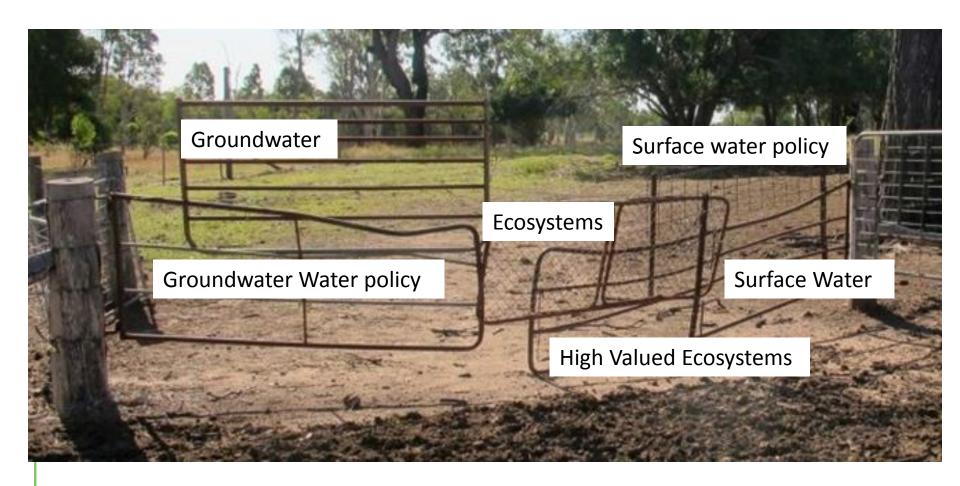
Platypu



The issue



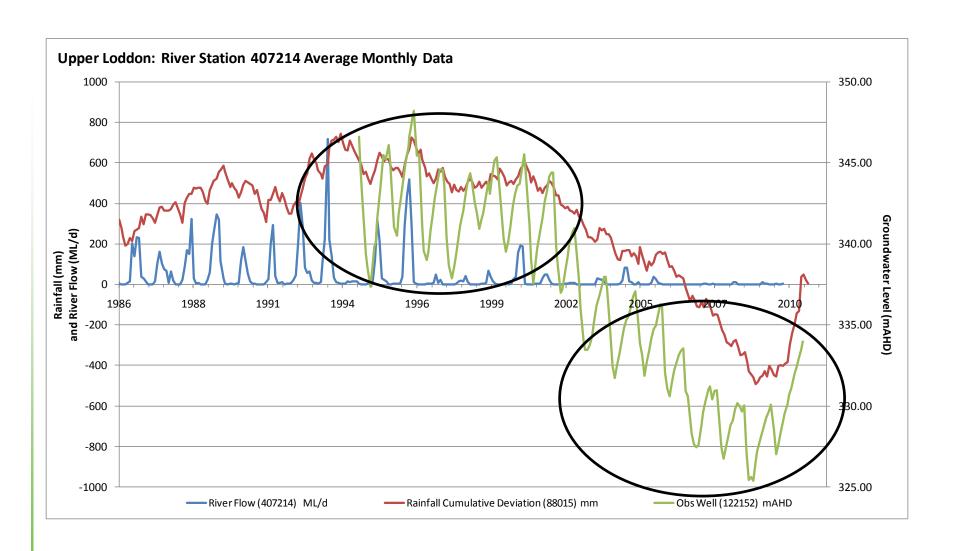
The issue



Risk to GDEs – water management

- GW extraction
 - Irrigation, town water supply, mining
- Changes to surface water flow management
- Urbanisation
 - Reduces recharge and reduces groundwater discharge
 - Changes quality of runoff

Perfect storm





Urbanisation It isn't the obvious GDEs we need to understand

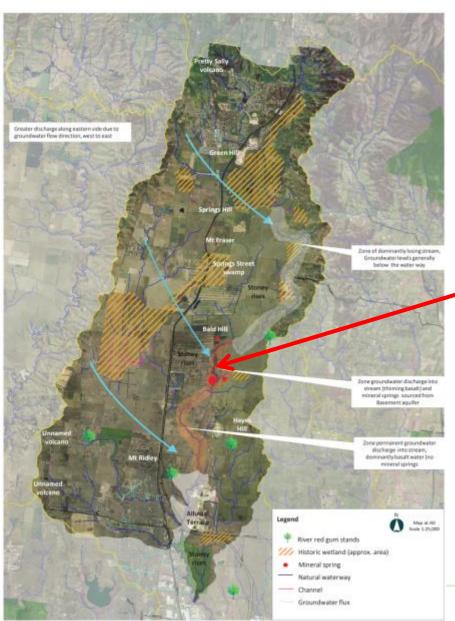
- Growling grass frog and fungal pathogen Batrachochytrium dendrobatidis
- Increased salinity and temperature provides resistance to the disease
- Persistent populations found within groundwater discharge zones
- Landscape change = increase in surface water flow into stream

Ecological Applications, 24(4), 2014, pp. 650-662 © 2014 by the Ecological Society of America

Wetland characteristics influence disease risk for a threatened amphibian

GEOFFREY W. HEARD, 1,3 MICHAEL P. SCROGGIE, 2 NICK CLEMANN, 2 AND DAVID S. L. RAMSEY2

Upper Merri Creek





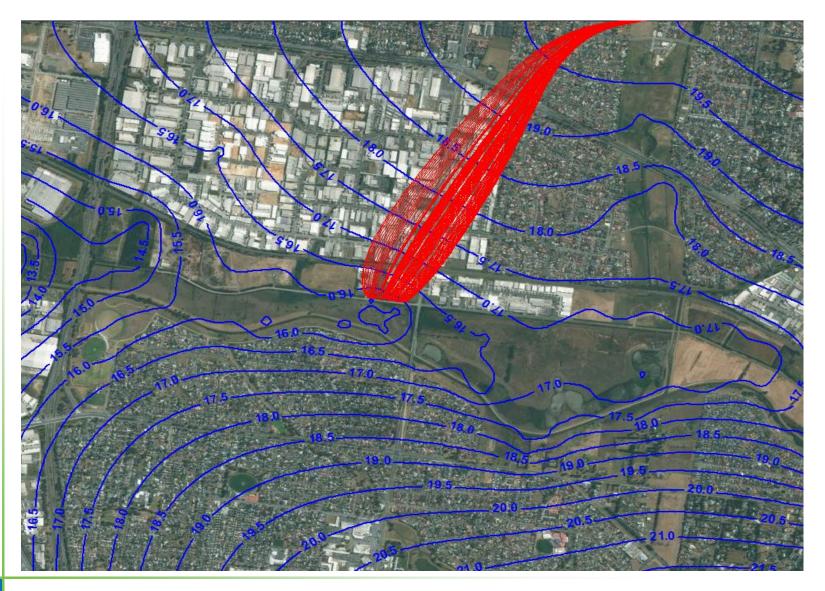
Zone of discharge of slightly saline and warmer groundwater

Resilience to virus

Hallam Rd GDE = Drain



Hallam Rd GDE = Drain



Landscape connection

"Stream Refuges"....In dry periods, hold the genetics for future generation





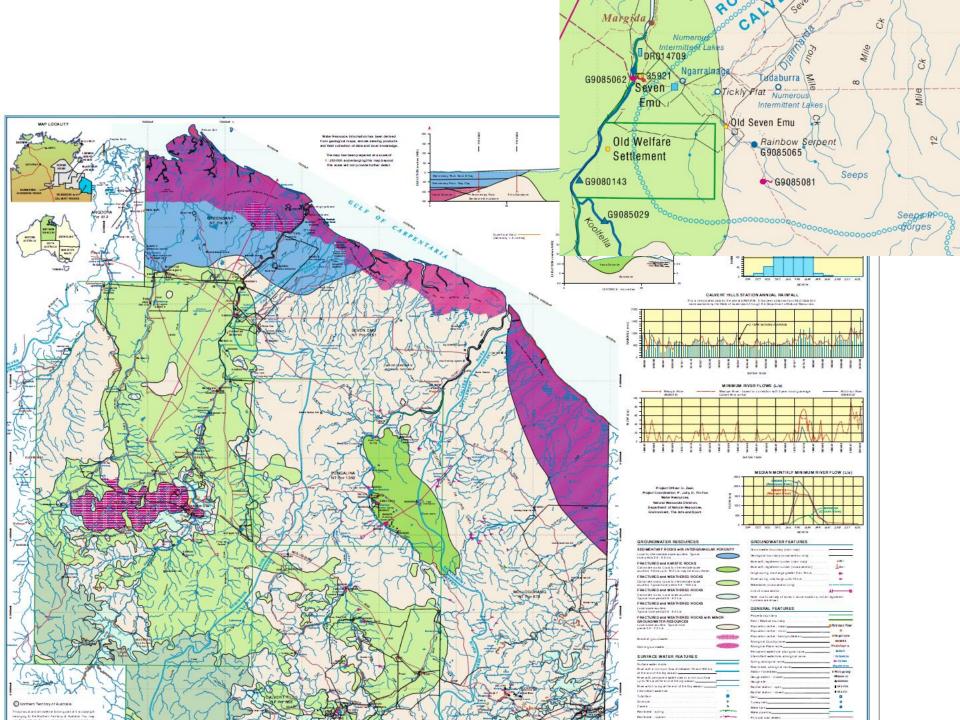
Cultural connection



belief in the Rainbow Snake, a personification of fertility, increase (richness in propagation of plants and animals) and rain, is common throughout Australia. It is a creator of human beings, having life-giving powers that send conception spirits to all the waterholes.

"Journey in Time", Reed 1993

One of the key symbols of creation is the rainbow serpent. Mr. Moggridge says its journey from underground to the surface also represents groundwater rising to the top via springs. Aboriginal people's understanding of their groundwater system permeates Dreamtime stories.



Old stories

Rainbow Serpent Rockhole



The old people say that this is where the rainbow serpent came up from the ground leaving this rock hole behind.

At this rock hole a particular grass grows. There is a story about the grass.(See 'The curlew and the moon')

There are other rockholes towards Woollogorang Station where that Rainbow Serpent also came up – one of them is called screwdriver

Frank at the Rainbow Serpent rockhole.

The focus on GDEs

National frameworks on how to assess – GDE Tool Box Increased awareness and recognition National data collation program



GDE Atlas - Data regarding GDEs

Before the GDE Atlas

- No public source of information regarding GDEs
- More often or not GDEs were overlooked

